Psychological Health and Safety Best Practices for Leaders

A 40-min HHR Foundational Course for Schedule 2 Conference Leaders with a 15-min Q&A

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30+ Years of experience



- Chair National CSA Standard on substance impairment in workplace
- CSA OHS Standards steering committee member
- Chief of Research for Hugr mental health programs
- Former Chief Research Workforce Productivity, CBOC
- Former Chief of Research and Develop, Morneau Shepell
- Pacific University Research Advisory Board
- Regularly contributor Globe and Mail, Chronic Herald and Talent Canada
- Co-creator Employee Recommended Workplace Award



Section 1

Understanding the connection between mental health and psychological health and safety

Mental Health and Mental Illness

Optimal mental well-being

A person flourishing with optimal mental well-being who has no mental illness	A person flourishing with optimal mental well-being while living with a mental illness	
Minimum mental illness	Maximum mental illness	
A person languishing with minimal mental well-being who has no mental illness	A person languishing with minimal mental well-being while living with a mental illness	

Minimal mental well-being



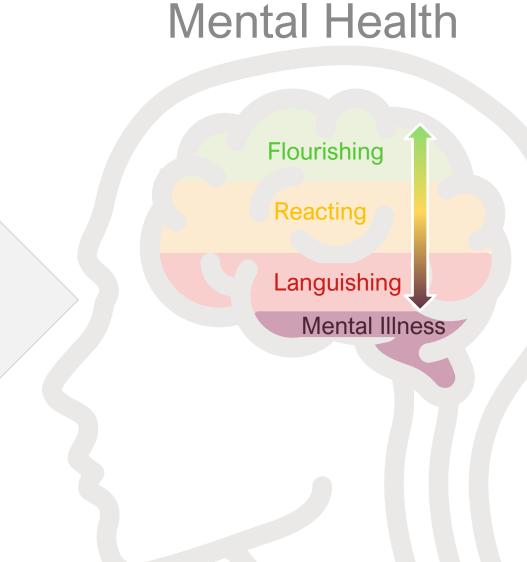


Our actions Physical Health

Genetics

Environment





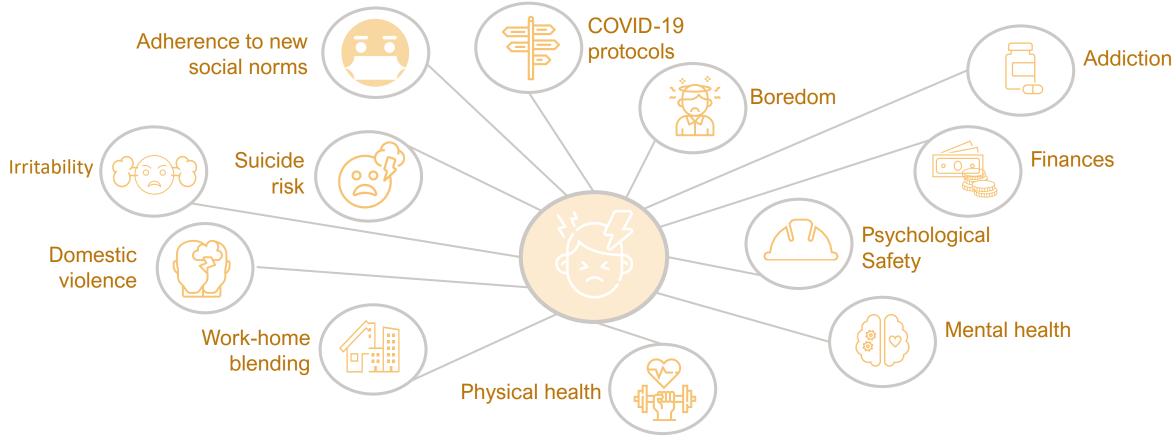


It is helpful to know where we are on the mental health continuum each day

Mental Illness	Languishing	Reacting	Flourishing
 DSM diagnosis Loss of functionality 	 Internal dialogue that there is no alternative but to remain in an unpleasant place or situation High risk for developing a mental health illness or addiction 	 Neither flourishing or languishing Well-being is affected "Getting by" 	 Internal dialogue that promotes personal success and the feeling of thriving Low risk for developing a mental health issue or addiction



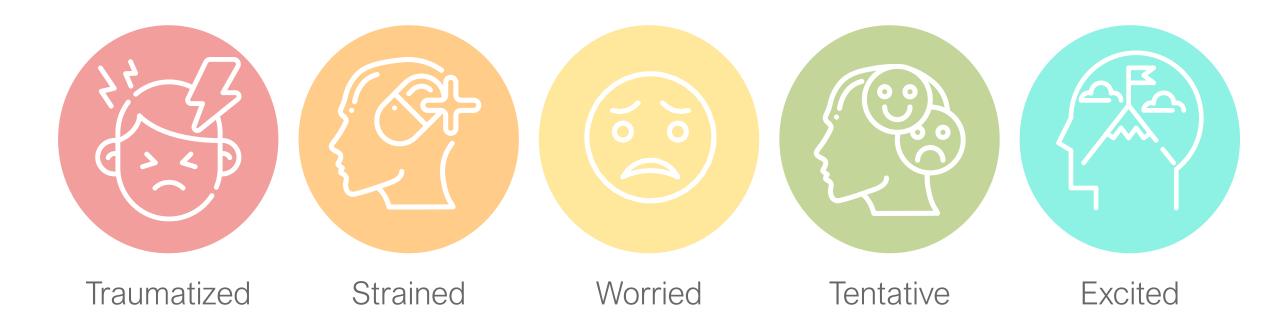
The reality of our current environment



As a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic, some risk factors and challenges many employees were facing, have increased in intensity



Consider employee may show up at different states...



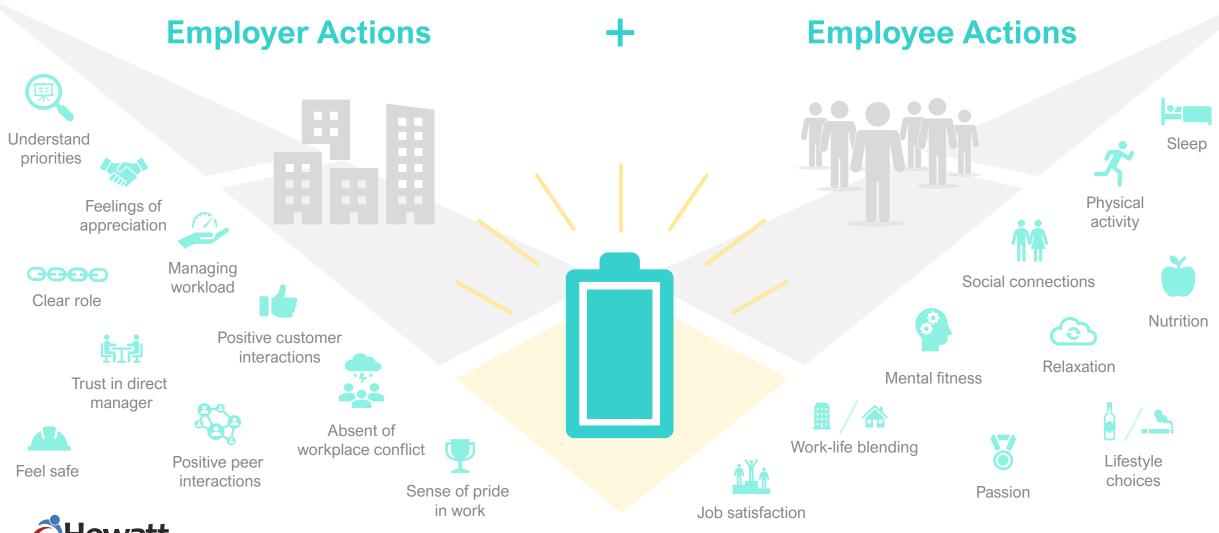


We are like batteries, and like batteries we can be anywhere from charged to empty on a daily basis





Resilience at work is built through joint responsibility



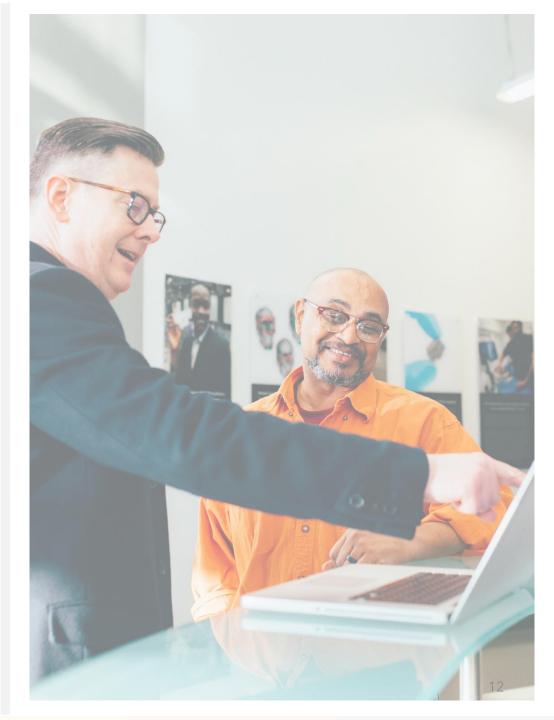
Section 2

Pillars Psychological Health and Safety

What is Psychological Safety?

- "Psychological safety" refers to the degree of risk that an average employee is or could be exposed to in the workplace that can result in mental harms. (e.g., bullying and harassment)
- Psychological safety is also CULTURE that everyone feels welcomed, included, valued and open to challenge the status quo.

"**Safe**" is the key word in psychological safety, as some provinces are taking proactive steps to prevent mental injuries (e.g., mandated respectful workplace policies).





Organizations Encourage Psychological Safety for Two Core Reasons

1. Reduce the risk for psychological harms and injuries

2. Promote mental health

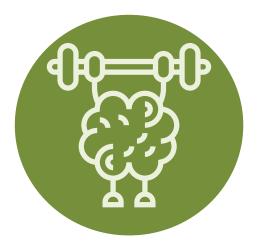


Section 3

The Role of a People Leader in Facilitating a Psychologically Safe workplace

What is your role as a people leader

- People leader's are am integral part of facilitating a psychologically safe workplace.
- Leader's set the social norms of the team through effective role modelling and maintenance of accountability.
- Three of the roles of a leader are:



Role Model Behaviours



Recognize Signs



Duty to Inquire



Role Model Behaviours : Role Model Behaviours Make a mental fitness plan **Mental Fitness Physical Health Social Connections** Resiliency can be developed by Exercise/movement, diet, The quality of relationship at external supports (e.g., sleep, lifestyle choices. home, work, and community. psychological safe workplace and one that encourages Do you have any challenges in any employee's vitality) and internal of these four areas that are creating supports (e.g., coping skills and daily micro decision and habit strain for you today? that support mental fitness. **Foundation: Environment** Psychological safety Financial security Food security • • Physical safety Job security Housing security • •



Role Model Behaviours : How we show up makes a difference

 Role modelling not only includes take care of yourself first, but fostering an environment that promotes psychological health and safety.





Create opportunities to share



Show humility

Be open to

new ideas

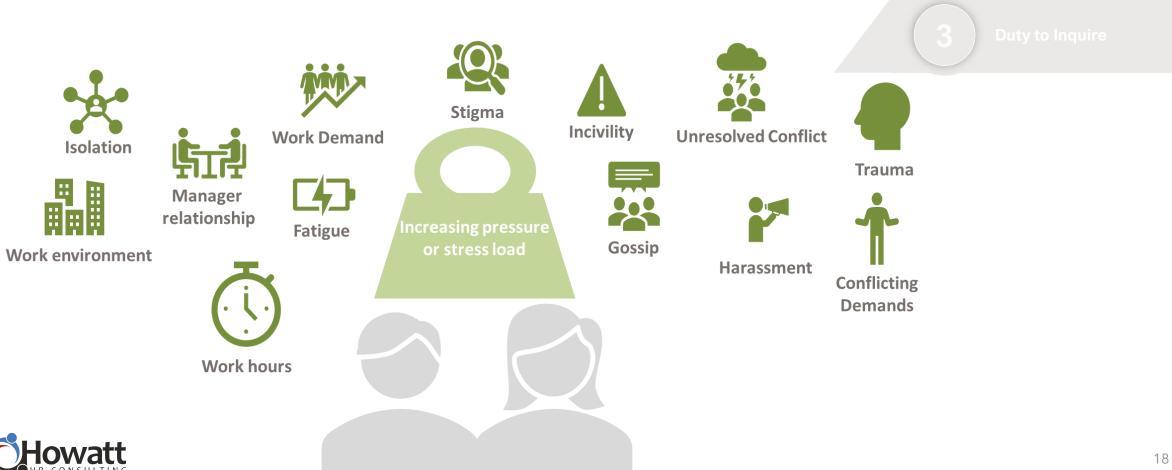


Follow through



Recognize the Signs

 Hazards that can Influence the Risk of Psychological Harms in the Workplace



Recognize the Signs

Recognize the Signs: Mental injuries at work

- These are psychological injuries that can be the result of an environmental, organizational or individual stressor.
- Common forms of mental injuries at work are:
 - Depression
 - Anxiety
 - Post traumatic stress disorder
- A mental injury is like falling when skiing, it can happen to anyone.



Understanding the difference between illness vs. injury can significantly impact how it is treated.



Recognize the Signs

Intrapersonal Signs

- Isolation from others
- Absent or late more frequently
- Conflict with coworkers
- Missed deadlines
- Loss of confidence
- Feelings of being overwhelmed
- Reduced ability to concentrate

Interpersonal Signs

- Avoidance
- Uncharacteristic behaviours
- Irritability
- Pessimism
- Withdrawal or reduced participation
- Difficulty making decisions



Recognize the Signs

Duty to Inquire

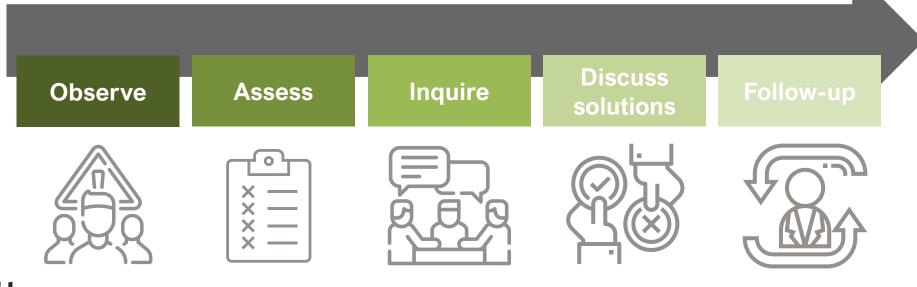


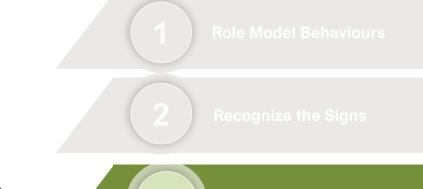
As a leader, the key is to observe behaviours & ask questions.



Duty to Inquire

- It is your responsibility to respond effectively to violations of psychological health and safety.
- A key component of this is, if you observe, see or hear something you must look into the issue.
- Below highlights five steps you can take to effectively facilitate your duty to inquire.









Thank you!